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INFORMATION REPORT CD NO. COUNTRY USSR (Estonian SSR) DATE DISTR. 16 Feb. 1952 Johrs Airfield NO. OF PAGES SUBJECT NO. OF ENCLS. PLACE **ACQUIRED** 25X1A SUPPLEMENT TO DATE OF REPORT NO. INFO. 25X1X

- The cirrield was about 4 km southeast of the town center of Johvi (59°29° N/27°25° E), Istonian SSR, near Puru (59°19° N/27°24° E), which is 3 km southeast of Johvi, along the road to Athme (59°19° N/27°27° E). The field was about 300×1,000 meters. German inscriptions in the dilapidated cantonment buildings indicated that the field was occupied by Gorman Air Force troops during lorld War II. A wooden runway in the center of the field was about 30x300 neters. Four small wooden contement buildings were on the edge of the ficli.
- 2. The field was unoccupied and in poor condition. Trucks hauled timber from the runway and cantonment buildings to the P. camp for improvement work there. No aircraft were seen at the field.
- 3. A regiment of Soviet parachutists arrived in Johvi during the summer of 1947. The perachutists were quartered in private houses. Elements of the regiment were daily trucked to Puru for parachute training. A captive balloon which was about 30 meters long was released by means of a cable winch to an altitude of about 1,000 meters. Two parachutists jumped from the gondola. The soldiers was The soldiers wore parachute jump suits and holmets.
- 4. A former cirfield was about 4 km west of the Johyi thme railroad line, about 1 km west of the village of Tammiku. The installations of the field were being dismentled, the sections of old hangars were being used for the construction of barreels buildings in the Ki camp, and the landing field was being ploved. No serviceable airfield was seen in the 'three-Johvi area and there was no flying

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- 5. A parachute unit was transferred to Johvi in the fall of 1247 or spring of 1948. Johvi is now called Ishvi by the Soviets. A four-story angular building on the road to Kohtla (59°22° K/27°14° E) at the market place, was used as quarters by the parachutists.
- 6. The unit of about 300 men was equipped with a captive balloon. The soldiers were breeches, boots, Russian blouses, garrison caps, and metal badges, h to F en in size, on their breasts. The badge showed an open marganite with a suspended jumper. The highest rank observed was a major. It soldiers were about 20 years old. They usually carried submachine guns when leaving their quarters.
- 7. Between the spring and fall of 1948 and in 1949 parachuting was practiced from a captive balloon in an open area about 3 km from Johvi, east of the read to athme. Jumps from aircraft were not seen. The soldiers occasionally drilled and had firing and combat training.
- 8. The parachute unit was still in Johvi in December 1949.